Subcommittee on Communications, Technology and the Internet Hearing
Oversight of the Federal Communications Commission: The National Broadband Plan
March 25, 2010
Good morning.
This morning we welcome Chairman Genachowski and the members of the FCC as we hold the first in a series of hearings focusing on the National Broadband Plan.
In the Economic Recovery Act of 2009, we directed the Commission to prepare a plan to expand broadband access and increase broadband adoption among those who have access to it.

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The Commission's recommendation very closely tracks the provision in the comprehensive Universal Service Reform legislation I have put forward with our colleague Mr. Terry.

Today, Universal Service monies may not be spent for broadband. Our legislation will immediately allow carriers to use USF monies for broadband deployment. We also have in o bill a mandate that carriers receiving Universal Service monies provide broadband throughoutheir service territories within five years of the bill becoming law.	
The carriers could no longer receive USF monies if they fail to meet this broadband build-out mandate.	
The Commission's recommendation also targets using the high cost fund for broadbar and I commend the compatibility of the broadband plan with our legislation.	ıd
Secondly, I was pleased to note that the plan incorporates the recommendations that set a high goal for future broadband speeds.	N€
Today the typical broadband service to the home is between three and five MBS. In countries like South Korea and Japan, today's data rates for the typical subscriber are often between 50 and 100 MBS. The Commission's plan appropriately sets a goal over the coming decade of delivering to 100 million homes speeds of at least 100 MBS.	I

Third, the Commission's proposal for auctioning to commercial bidders the D Block of the 700 MHZ spectrum without onerous conditions is commendable.
The proceeds from the auction should be applied to helping first responders purchase and install the equipment needed to bring to fire, police and rescue agencies nationwide a truly interoperable communications capability.
It is essential that when they converge from different localities at the scene of a disaster, fire police and rescue be able to communicate with one another.
And I offer my support for obtaining the appropriations that will be needed to complete the financing of the equipment build-out for public safety.
I think that on a matter so fundamental to the nation's security, we will have bipartisan support for the provision of the needed monies for first responders.

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